I. VOCABULARY. Choose the best word for each of the following expressions and definitions

1. = not beautiful
   a) bad                  b) ugly
   c) boring               c) smart

2. = not willing
   a) unwilling            b) unwilling
   c) disliking            d) nowill

3. = intelligent
   a) fool                 b) yellow
   c) boring               d) smart

4. = non domestic animal
   a) small                b) sea
   c) wild                 d) fur

5. = machine to clean the house
   a) washing machine      b) vacuum cleaner
   c) TV                   d) fridge

6. = violent weather, including strong winds and rain or snow
   a) south                b) talk
   c) storm                d) time

7. = a competition by opposing political candidates seeking support from voters; a connected series of military actions during a war
   a) trap                 b) balance
   c) voice                d) campaign

8. = to join or hold together with some material
   a) dis                   b) plastic
   c) tie                  d) ally

9. n. misfortune
   a) luck                  b) insatiable
   c) expurgate            d) adversity

10. adj. serving as a model; commendable
    a) criminal             b) exemplary
    c) asseverate           d) useless

11. Yukiko (resembles) her mother more than her father.
    a) sounds after        b) goes after
c) looks after  
12. Bill's secretary (interrupted) to tell him he had a telephone call.
  a) cut out  
  c) gave in  
  d) calls after
  b) drive in  
  d) lead out
13. adj. no longer existing or active
  a) aqua  
  c) extinct  
  d) boring
  b) scout
14. n. something known or proved to be true
  a) welcome  
  c) office  
  d) fact
  b) box
15. v. to come to life; to come into existence
  a) meet  
  c) adult  
  d) born
  b) stone

II. VOCABULARY IN CONTEXT. Fill the gaps with the best option for each sentence

16. If you are seriously ill, you may need to go to hospital to have a(n) _______.
  a) operation  
  c) feeling  
  d) accident
  b) plastic
17. Her mother sent her to bed because she had quite a high _______.
  a) cough  
  c) temperature  
  d) sneeze
  b) blood pressure
18. If you're overweight, you'd better go on a(n) _____________.
  a) holiday  
  c) cure  
  d) state
  b) diet
19. If you have hayfever, you can't stop _____________.
  a) being hot  
  c) sneezing  
  d) blinking
  b) showing
20. He didn't feel like going to the party because he had a terrible _______.
  a) distrophy  
  c) introspect  
  d) happiness
  b) headache
21. She was in terrible pain, so the nurse gave her a(n) _____________.
  a) punch  
  c) injection  
  d) stroke
  b) scratch
22. If you've got measles, your skin is covered in _____________.
  a) stops  
  c) points  
  d) spots
  b) colons
23. If you want antibiotics, you'll have to ask the doctor for a _________.
  a) prescription  
  c) note  
  d) recipe
  b) health
24. If you've got a bad cold, it's no wonder you're _____________.
  a) out of order  
  c) astonished  
  d) badly hurt
  b) sick
25. As I haven't had anything to eat today, I'm feeling a bit _____________.
  a) animal  
  b) dizzy
c) silly
d) unconscious
a) anxious  
b) absent-minded 
c) crazy 
d) eagle
27. For the first few months she felt .
a) single  
b) easy 
c) lonely 
d) abandoned
28. She started to go with John five years ago.
a) up  
b) in  
c) out 
d) back
29. They still haven't fixed a date for their .
a) honeymoon 
b) wedding  
c) birth 
d) funeral
30. They will invite all of their friends and .
a) children  
b) pets 
c) relations 
d) lawyers

III. USE OF ENGLISH. Decide which of these words best completes the following sentences.

31. I'll start my French course at University next week.
a) title 
b) pension 
c) degree 
d) qualifications
32. Dave doesn't drink alcohol, he only drinks .
a) soft 
b) smooth 
c) squashed 
d) crushed
33. Mummy! The teacher a rude word in class today.
a) sang 
b) explained 
c) said 
d) spoke
34. I hate the way she keeps me what to do.
a) telling 
b) saying 
c) speaking 
d) talking
35. Let's go out, ?
a) want we? 
b) don't I?
c) shall we? 
d) aren't you?
36. Shut up, ?
a) should you? 
b) do we? 
c) ain't I? 
d) will you?
37. You should take more exercise if you want to keep .
a) fit 
b) fat 
c) drunk 
d) fresh
38. The Newcastle and Sunderland accents are so alike that I can never the difference between them.
a) tell 
b) lead 
c) drive 
d) find
39. My sister, who is fond of acting, has joined an ________ dramatic society.
   a) amateur
   b) unkind
   c) untrained
   d) unrehearsed

40. He has a ________ garage.
   a) two-car
   b) hundred cars
   c) round car's
   d) two-car's

41. I can't find my stapler. It's ________.
   a) been
   b) gone
   c) got
   d) come

42. Have you ________ to the post office yet?
   a) enter
   b) read
   c) got
   d) been

43. The cat's ________ missing for two days.
   a) been
   b) play
   c) got
   d) come

44. The Vice Chancellor made an excellent ________ in the award ceremony yesterday.
   a) foie
   b) discussion
   c) bike
   d) speech

45. That lecturer has never been on good ________ with his students. He hates them.
   a) responses
   b) exchanges
   c) terms
   d) feelings

46. I can't imagine what is in this box; it's as heavy as ________.
   a) gold
   b) liquid
   c) lead
   d) wood

47. Mum, can I ________ out with Charles and Sophie tonight?
   a) call
   b) go
   c) turn
   d) come

48. He ________ being given a receipt for the bill he had paid.
   a) asked to
   b) demanded
   c) insisted on
   d) required

49. Lovely day today, isn't it?
   a) Yes, it is.
   b) Not at all.
   c) What the hell!
   d) Sure

50. The number of complaints has ________ in the last two months.
   a) deducted
   b) allowed
   c) decreased
   d) called

51. Only a small ________ of the components were faulty.
   a) fraction
   b) measurement
   c) rat
   d) decimal

52. Will you please write about John Cabot ________ Abigail Adams?
   a) in front of
   b) unless
   c) instead of
   d) into

53. Everyone went outside the building ________ the false alarm.
   a) because of
   b) everywhere
   c) on top of
   d) instead of

54. Many people have ________ about winning a big prize in the lottery.
55. Most people like the _______ of not having to work.
   a) scheme  b) track  c) design  d) idea

56. I _______ the fast train to Seville.
   a) spent  b) loose  c) wasted  d) missed

57. When he told me he couldn't pay me, I _______ my temper.
   a) threw  b) spent  c) wasted  d) lost

58. A member of the expedition went _______ in a blizzard.
   a) wasting  b) burn  c) missing  d) spending

59. I _______ Mum's advice and went on holiday after my break-up with my partner.
   a) took  b) had  c) gave  d) tread

60. Miguel _______ me some sound advice about buying a new printer.
   a) disconnected  b) had  c) gave  d) brought

61. Granny's _______ a big operation on her hip and is recovering fine.
   a) took  b) surrendered  c) gave  d) had

62. I've been _______ terrible problems trying to change the format of my sound files.
   a) landing  b) having  c) giving  d) catching

63. Smoking is a(n) _______ problem. It kills you.
   a) serious  b) nonsense  c) interesting  d) hard

64. There were quite a few _______ members of the government at the fancy dress ball.
   a) serious  b) important  c) murderous  d) tough

65. It's none of your business how much I _______.
   a) beat  b) win  c) earn  d) defeat

66. When the building caught fire, they _______ to get everyone out, thank God.
   a) arrived  b) ate  c) reached  d) managed

67. Professor Boring has _______ the height of his profession.
   a) managed  b) flew  c) reached  d) coped

68. Although I really want Valencia FC to win the match, I _______ Real Madrid will.
   a) bore  b) wait  c) expect  d) object

69. You're a liar and I _______ I never ever see you again in my life!
   a) hope  b) wait
c) lead
d) guess
70. I had to ______ for the train at Angel Guimerà for what seemed like an eternity.
a) sleep
b) wait
c) expect
d) trust

IV. READING COMPREHENSION

IV.1. TEXT 1

A ‘I’ve seen a huge difference in Irina since she started talking to a life coach’, says her mother Sylvana. ‘I get on very well with Irina, but you can’t always talk to your mother about everything. Talking to someone who listens but is not a close family member is very important’.

B An athlete improves because he trains with a coach. A life coach can also guide you to success. A life coach encourages you to think not only about what you want, but also about how you are going to get it. Until now, life coaches have helped adults, for example business executives who need to make decisions or parents who want some advice on bringing up their children. Now it’s the turn of our young people.

C Simone Waltz, a former radio producer, sets up her life coaching company five years ago. ‘I offer teenagers a place to talk, to decide on their future plans and to sort out problems’, says Waltz. Jem’s parents are delighted with what Waltz has done. Jem has got a place at university to study medicine but he has decided to take part in a volunteer project in central Africa first. ‘Yes, we were surprised, but Jem is still very young. This experience abroad will help him grow up before he goes to university here’.

D Tara tells the story of a 15-year-old who was failing in science, until they found out she learnt best through music. Once she made up songs to learn by, she achieved 99 per cent in her tests. Tara has also helped Sylvana’s daughter, Irina, who was not sure she wanted to go to university. Now she hopes to get into a top university. Irina now feels more confident about everything. She has even taken up exercise for the first time in years.

E Mo Ahmed has coached children as young as five years old. ‘It could be something as simple as learning multiplication tables – asking them how they’re going to do it, how are they going to make it fun? Mo has also helped teenager Regina who was having problems making friends when she moved to a new school. They talked together about the things Regina really enjoyed doing. By joining the school basketball team, Regina has made several new friends.

IV.1.1. Answer the following questions about Text 1

71. Sylvana has a very good relationship with her daughter, Irina.
a) True  
b) False
c) We cannot tell from the text  
d) None of the above

72. Life coaching was first used to help children decide on their futures.
a) True  b) False
c) We cannot tell from the text  d) None of the above
73. Simone Waltz used to work in radio.
a) True  b) False
c) We cannot tell from the text  d) None of the above
74. Jem wants to do a degree before going to Africa.
a) True  b) False
c) We cannot tell from the text  d) None of the above
75. Jem’s parents would like him to do his degree in another country.
a) True  b) False
c) We cannot tell from the text  d) None of the above
76. One teenager used singing to help her study and she got nearly perfect marks in science.
a) True  b) False
c) We cannot tell from the text  d) None of the above
77. Irina would be happy to go to any university.
a) True  b) False
c) We cannot tell from the text  d) None of the above
78. Irina has always been keen on keeping fit.
a) True  b) False
c) We cannot tell from the text  d) None of the above
79. Mo Ahmed has worked with children younger than six.
a) True  b) False
c) We cannot tell from the text  d) None of the above
80. Some of Regina’s friends in her new school play basketball.
a) True  b) False
c) We cannot tell from the text  d) None of the above

IV.1.2. In which paragraph do you think you will find information about each of these sentences?

81. Mo Ahmed has worked with children younger than six.
a) A  b) C
c) B  d) E
82. Sylvana has a very good relationship with her daughter, Irina.
a) A  b) C
c) B  d) D
83. Jem’s parents would like him to do his degree in another country.
a) A  b) C
c) B  d) D
84. Some of Regina’s friends in her new school play basketball.
a) A  b) C
IV.2. TEXT 2

For years, many people thought that New Zealand was famous for sheep, rugby and ... more sheep. But suddenly these islands have a new image. They are now one of the most fashionable tourist destinations in the world. And all because of a film, or actually three films, The Lord of the Rings was filmed in New Zealand and it’s a wonderful advert for the country. People now want to visit the New Zealand to see the places in the film. Tourism in New Zealand is doing very well –that’s the LOTR effect. Some tourists come just to see the film locations. For example, there’s a beautiful place called Matamata just south of Auckland. 250 tourists come here every day. They pay thirty dollars each to see the remains of Hobbiton village from the first The Lord of the Rings film. Tours of the various film locations are very popular.

In the two weeks after the first film came out, holiday bookings went up more than twenty percent. Experts think that the number of tourists will double in the near future and it won’t stop there. Some people think that New Zealand will soon have over three million tourists a year. But there are some questions about all this success. Will tourism change the natural beauty of the landscape? Will it affect the wildlife? And will tourists still want to visit New Zealand if these things happen?

IV.2.1. Answer the following questions about Text 2

86. Only one of Lord of the Rings films was made in New Zealand.
   a) True  b) False
   c) We cannot tell from the text  d) None of the above

87. They are making advertisements using the New Zealand countryside.
   a) True  b) False
   c) We cannot tell from the text  d) None of the above

88. You can only see part of the Hobbiton village at Matamata.
   a) True  b) False
   c) We cannot tell from the text  d) None of the above

89. Many tourists go to meet the actors there.
   a) True  b) False
   c) We cannot tell from the text  d) None of the above

90. Tourism increased immediately after the films came out.
   a) True  b) False
   c) We cannot tell from the text  d) None of the above
91. Holiday experts say numbers of holidaymakers will soon start to go down.
   a) True
   b) False
   c) We cannot tell from the text
   d) None of the above

IV.2.2. Find these underlined words and phrases in Text 2 and say what they refer to

92. it (line 4):
   a) New Zealand
   b) a film
   c) tourists
   d) None of the above

93. that (line 6):
   a) people
   b) films
   c) LOTR effect
   d) We cannot tell from the text

94. they (line 8):
   a) Matamata
   b) New Zealand citizens
   c) tourists
   d) None of the above

95. it (line 13):
   a) increase of tourists
   b) decrease of tourists
   c) making of films
   d) We cannot tell from the text

96. these things (line 16):
   a) changes in tourists
   b) changes in the way people live
   c) changes affecting nature
   d) None of the above

97. What does ‘bookings’ refer to in the text?
   a) books
   b) reservations
   c) novels
   d) We cannot tell from the text

98. What is the meaning of ‘came out’ in the text?
   a) appear
   b) take
   c) call
   d) None of the above

99. In the text ‘suddenly’ means
   a) after
   b) yesterday
   c) immediately
   d) None of the above

100. What does ‘advert’ refer to in the text?
    a) political propaganda
    b) news about weather
    c) publicity
    d) We cannot tell from the text