

Breviario 2 (dos a más cabezas). Tema 5

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## Vida residual conjunta T(x,y)

 $T(x,y) = \min \ (T(x),T(y)) \quad \text{o bien para } m: \ T(x_1,x_2,\ldots,x_m) = \min \ (T(x_1),T(x_2),\ldots \ T(x_m)) = \min \ (T(x_1),T(x_1),\ldots \ T(x_m))$ 

Función de distribución

$$F_{T_{xy}}(t) = P(T_{xy} \le t) = {}_{t}q_{xy} = 1 - {}_{t}p_{xy}$$

$$F_{T_{xy}}(t) = P(T_{xy} \le t) = P(\min(T(x), T(y))) \le t = 1 - P(\min(T(x), T(y))) > t) = 1 - S_{T_{x,y}}(t)$$

$$F_{T_{xy}}(t) = {}_{t}q_{xy} \qquad {}_{y \text{ sabemos}} \quad {}_{t}q_{xy} = {}_{t}q_{x} + {}_{t}q_{y} - {}_{t}q_{\overline{xy}}$$

Función de densidad

$$f_{T_{xy}}(t) = \frac{d}{dt} F_{T_{xy}}(t) = \frac{d}{dt} (1 - {}_{t} p_{xy}) = \frac{d}{dt} (1 - {}_{t} p_{x \cdot t} p_{y}) = -\frac{d}{dt} ({}_{t} p_{x \cdot t} p_{y}) = -\frac{d}{dt$$

en base al tanto instantáneo de mortalidad

$$f_{T_{xy}}(t) = ((p_{x + t} p_{y} \cdot \mu(y + t)) + (p_{y + t} p_{x} \cdot \mu(x + t))) = f_{T_{xy}}(t) = p_{xy} \cdot (\mu(x + t) + \mu(y + t))$$

el tanto instantáneo conjunto es igual a la suma de los individuales

$$_{t}p_{xy} = \frac{l(x+t, y+t)}{l(x, y)}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} [l(x+t,y+t)] = -\frac{\frac{d}{dt} p_{xy}}{p_{xy}} = -\frac{\frac{d}{dt} [l(x+t,y+t)]}{\frac{l(x+t,y+t)}{l(x,y)}} = -\frac{\frac{d}{dt} [l(x+t,y+t)]}{\frac{l(x+t,y+t)}{l(x,y)}}$$

habitual

$$_{n}q_{xy} = F_{T_{xy}}(n) = \int_{0}^{n} f_{T_{xy}}(t)dt = \int_{0}^{n} p_{xy}\mu(x+t, y+t)dt$$

Vida residual conjunta hasta la extinción

$$T_{\overline{x,y}} = \max \left( T(x), T(y) \right)$$

$$T_{\overline{x,y}} + T_{x,y} = T(x) + T(y)$$

$$T_{\overline{x,y}} \cdot T_{x,y} = T(x) \cdot T(y)$$

Función de distribución.

$$F_{T_{\overline{xy}}}(t) = P(T_{\overline{xy}} \le t) = {}_{t}q_{\overline{xy}} = {}_{t}q_{x \cdot t}q_{y}$$

Función de densidad

$$f_{T_{\overline{xy}}}(t) = {}_{t}q_{x \cdot t}p_{y}.\mu(y+t) + {}_{t}q_{y \cdot t}p_{x}.\mu(x+t)$$

Esperanza de vida conjunta hasta la disolución

$$\overline{e}_{xy} = E[T_{xy}] = \int_{0}^{\infty} t \cdot f_{T_{xy}}(t) dt = \int_{0}^{\infty} t \cdot p_{xy} \cdot \mu(x+t, y+t) dt$$

$$\overline{e}_{xy} = \frac{\int_{0}^{\infty} l(x+t, y+t) dt}{l(x, y)}$$

Esperanza de vida conjunta abreviada

$$e_{xy} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} l(x+i+1, y+i+1)}{l(x, y)} = \sum_{t=1}^{\infty} p_{xy}$$

## Esperanza de vida conjunta completa

$$e_{xy}^{0} = \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{t=1}^{\infty} {}_{t} p_{xy} = \frac{1}{2} e_{xy}$$

Esperanza de vida conjunta hasta la extinción

$$\overline{e}_{\overline{xy}} = E[T_{\overline{xy}}] = \int_{0}^{\infty} t \cdot f_{T_{\overline{xy}}}(t) dt = \int_{0}^{\infty} t \cdot q_{x \cdot t} p_{y} \cdot \mu(y+t) dt + \int_{0}^{\infty} t \cdot q_{y \cdot t} p_{x} \cdot \mu(x+t) dt$$

solo con p

$$\overline{e}_{\overline{xy}} = \int_{0}^{\infty} t \cdot p_{y} \cdot \mu(y+t) dt - \int_{0}^{\infty} t \cdot p_{y} \cdot p_{x} \cdot \mu(y+t) dt +$$

$$+ \int_{0}^{\infty} t \cdot_{t} p_{x} \cdot \mu(x+t) dt - \int_{0}^{\infty} t \cdot_{t} p_{y} \cdot_{t} p_{x} \cdot \mu(x+t) dt =$$

relación esperanzas de vida extinción/disolución

$$\overline{e}_{\overline{xy}} = \overline{e}_x + \overline{e}_y - \overline{e}_{xy}$$

$$\overline{e}_x = \int_{0}^{\infty} {}_{t} p_x dt$$
  $\overline{e}_y = \int_{0}^{\infty} {}_{t} p_y dt$   $\overline{e}_{xy} = \int_{0}^{\infty} {}_{t} p_{xy} dt$ 

$$\overline{e}_{\overline{xy}} = \overline{e}_x + \overline{e}_y - \overline{e}_{xy} = \int_0^\infty (p_x + p_y - p_{xy}) dt = \int_0^\infty p_{\overline{xy}} dt$$

abreviada y completa

$$e_{\overline{xy}} = e_x + e_y - e_{xy} = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} {}_t p_x + \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} {}_t p_y - \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} {}_t p_{xy} = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} {}_t p_{\overline{xy}}$$

$$\overset{0}{e_{xy}} = \overset{0}{e_x} + \overset{0}{e_y} - \overset{0}{e_{xy}} = \frac{1}{2} + e_x + \frac{1}{2} + e_y - \frac{1}{2} - e_{xy} = \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} {}_t p_{\overline{xy}}$$