

**COURSE DATA****DATA SUBJECT****Code:** 33070**Name:** Geology**Cycle:** Undergraduate Studies**ECTS Credits:** 6**Academic year:** 2026-27**STUDY (S)**

Degree	Center	Acad. year	Period
1106 - Degree in Biology	Facultat de Ciències Biològiques	1	Annual

SUBJECT-MATTER

Degree	Subject-matter	Character
1106 - Degree in Biology	Geología	BASIC

COORDINATION

GOZALO GUTIERREZ RODOLFO

ROS FRANCH SONIA

SUMMARY

The main target of this subject is to give a general knowledge of the basic concepts of Geology, its present theories (e.g. Plate Tectonics) and its interrelations with Biology. Considering that it is a Basic Formation subject, its development tries to give a general vision of the different layers of the Earth, how are the processes that affect it, and its interrelations with the atmosphere and hydrosphere; finally, a vision of current geological environments (its dynamic and modeling processes) like habitat of the different biological communities will be done. For the formation of a biologist it is necessary to know that the life is based on a physical substratum, which is in continuous evolution and, as well, the organisms act on this substratum modifying it. In addition, this process has been and it continues being a basic fact in the history of our planet, and its knowledge is unavoidable to understand the history of the life.

PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE**RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER SUBJECTS OF THE SAME DEGREE**

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.



OTHER REQUIREMENTS

COMPETENCES / LEARNING OUTCOMES

1106 - Degree in Biology

Apply principles of physics, chemistry and geology to the field of biology.

Organise, plan and manage information in a manner that allows the individual to analyse, synthesise and develop critical reasoning that can be applied to solve problems, make decisions and carry out work.

Students must be able to communicate information, ideas, problems and solutions to both expert and lay audiences.

Students must have acquired knowledge and understanding in a specific field of study, on the basis of general secondary education and at a level that includes mainly knowledge drawn from advanced textbooks, but also some cutting-edge knowledge in their field of study.

Students must have developed the learning skills needed to undertake further study with a high degree of autonomy.

Use scientific language, both oral and written, and be able to adapt the register to the target audience and/or readers. Use the most common foreign languages in each discipline as a vehicle for communication in a globalised system.

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

1. Introduction to Geology

Concept. Objectives and methodology. Interrelation with the Life Sciences. Time (absolute and relative) in Geology. Principles and basic concepts in Geology.

2. Structure and internal composition of the Earth

Gravity anomalies and Isostasy. Terrestrial heat flow. Seismology. Internal structure of the Earth from the seismic and geodynamic points of view. Composition of the Crust, Mantle and Core.



3. Minerals and rocks

Properties of minerals and internal structure. The classification of minerals. The rocks. Physical properties of rocks. Plutonic, volcanic and hipoabissal rocks. Sedimentary rocks and Diagenesis. Metamorphic rocks.

4. Plate tectonics and global tectonics

Physiography of the Crust. Earth's magnetic field: Paleomagnetism and seafloor spreading. Current system of Lithospheric Plates. Evolution of plate boundaries: Fracture of cratons and orogens. Wilson cycle. Hypotheses about the causes of plate motions.

5. Deformation of the Earth's Crust materials

Types of deformation. Geometry and types of folds. Cartographic representation of folds. Geometry and types of faults. Fractures related to folds. Cartographic representation of faults.

6. The Earth atmosphere and climates

Origin and evolution of the Atmosphere. Composition and Structure: thermal and electrical points of view. General theory of the Atmospheric Circulation. Climate and factors of climatic control. Macroclimates: Classifications. Mesoclimate: Climate indexes.

7. Geologic environments and landforms of the continental areas

Definition and characterization. Fluvial processes and landforms, and lake areas. Underground waters. Karst landforms. Glacial processes and landforms. Aeolian processes and landforms.



8. Processes and landforms of the marine areas

Physical and chemical characteristics of the oceans. Marine dynamics: tides, waves, and surface and deep currents. The global circulation of the oceans. Coastal dynamics and landforms. Dynamics and landforms of the marine bottoms. Reefal bioconstructions.

Practical sessions

9. Visual recognition of rocks

- The minerals and the rocks. Properties of minerals. The classification of minerals. The rocks: classification and basic concepts.

¿ Igneous rocks: plutonic, hipoabissal and volcanic rocks.

¿ Sedimentary rocks: clastic, intermediate, carbonate, siliceous, evaporite and organic-rich rocks

¿ Metamorphic rocks

10. Introduction to the topographical map

Elements of the topographical map. Topographical profiles.

11. Geological map

Basic concepts of the geological map. Maps on horizontal materials. Spatial disposition of the materials. Inclined and vertical materials: rule of the ¿V¿. Conformity and unconformity. Fractures: normal and inverse faults. Folding. Geological histories and analysis of complex maps.

12. Field excursion

Field excursion to Volcán de Cofrentes and Cuchillos del río Cabriel.

**WORKLOAD****PRESENCIAL ACTIVITIES**

Activity	Hours
Tutorials	3,00
Theory	31,00
Laboratory	26,00
Total hours	60,00

NON PRESENCIAL ACTIVITIES

Activity	Hours
Attendance at other activities	0,00
Individual or group project	9,00
Independent study and work	41,00
Preparation of lessons	40,00
Preparation for assessment activities	0,00
Resolution of case studies	0,00
Total hours	90,00

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

The development of the subject must be structured in one or two theoretical classes a week. Before each of these sessions the students will have acceded to the thematic units developed by the professor together with a basic bibliography about each unit. In the classes, the more complex and theoretical aspects of each topic will be explained and the pertinent examples will be exposed; like a previous requirement to each session, the students must read the corresponding aspects that will be developed.

For the laboratory sessions (2 hours of duration) the students also have a script of practices that they must read before each practice. In some cases, mainly in the practices concerning geological maps, complementary exercises will be proposed to realize during the week in order to reinforce the analyzed concepts. Within the first thirty minutes of each session, the professor can comment the aim of the practice, he also can solve the exercises that were proposed as reinforcement explaining later the basic concepts corresponding to the session; the rest of the time will be dedicated by the students to realize the practice under the supervision of the professor. The aim of the field excursion, that is included within the scope of geology practices, is to allow the students the direct observation -in a natural context- of different kinds of rocks and geological structures that they have been learned to recognize in the laboratory, what can help them to interpret the processes and geological history of the visited area. The excursion will be organized on two areas of geological interest: the *Volcán de Cofrentes* and the *Cuchillos del río Cabriel* and, students must give a questionnaire at the end of the fieldwork. This questionnaire would test the acquired knowledge and the developed competences.

On the other hand, the professor will provide to the students an attention schedule that they may use if



necessary. Within this schedule it is stipulated the attendance of each student, of individual way, at least three times during the fourth month period to monitored his learning.

In addition, there will be guided activities such as seminars, scientific documentaries, use of geological software, visit to the Museum of Geology at the University of Valencia and the sample preparation laboratories, etc.

Finally, interdisciplinary workshops will be held: This is a common transverse activity to all subjects of the course. Also under the heading of Seminars, the attendance to different conferences cycles offered by the Faculty of Biological Sciences is took into account.

For the seminars, 3 sessions of 2 hours each are proposed for this activity. 3 Interdisciplinary Seminars are planned, 2 of them in groups. Lecturers of these subjects would be involved mainly in the tutoring and presentation of their content. The result of these seminars is planned to be in the form of:

ELABORATION OF A POSTER that will be publicly exposed in the Days of Valuation at the end of the course, where they must be defended it in front of several lecturers and students, and they will also participate as a judge of other posters. To the qualification of this work it will also take into account the reports, in accordance with the norms of the interdisciplinary works and the various meetings that the group have had with the tutor assigned to each work, and also the presentation and defense of the poster the day of valuation.

The evaluation will be carried out by the entire group of lecturers; it will cover both the scientific content covered, and how they have been presented, especially valuing the ability to communicate and transmit ideas and concepts.

EVALUATION

The evaluation of learning of knowledge and abilities obtained by the students will become a continuous task during the course. A subjective evaluation of students will be considered by the teacher taking into account his direct observations throughout classes dedicated to the resolution of questions and throughout the time dedicated to the individual attendance of each student. This subjective evaluation will be combined with an objective evaluation obtained from the results of questionnaires of the seminars realized by the students and from the results of the subject exams.

The **theory** exam accounts for 60% of the total course. Monitoring in **theory** and **tutorials** will take place through the evaluation of the problems given in the tutorials and theoretical questionnaires by Virtual Classroom, two partial exams that are eliminatory if the mark obtained are 5 or higher on both and a final exam on the date proposed by the Faculty.



Practices accounts for 30% of the total course. In **practical** classes, students must prepare their lab notebooks and resolve the proposed maps; this work will be reviewed by the professor during practice, and a qualitative value is given. There will also be two controls on the skills acquired during practice, a recognition of rocks (9%) and another with the use and interpretation of geological maps, which will include questions on topography (18%). The fieldwork questionnaire represents the 3% of total mark. All lab sessions are mandatory and the corresponding control tests cannot be made until these sessions have been attended.

The **seminar**, as a part of the interdisciplinary activities shared by subjects of the fourth month period, will contribute a 10% to the final mark of this subject. On the one hand, the scientific content of the work will be evaluated, and the other the ability to expose in public and discuss with colleagues the various aspects about it. In this regard, we also will evaluate the student's ability, as an audience, to do a reasoned critique of the work presented by other students.

Directed activities, volunteer work, class work, attendance at the field trip will be evaluated by the teacher. It will count up to 5% extra to add in the final mark, as long as the course set has been passed.

Summary table:

<i>Topic to evaluate</i>	<i>% of final mark</i>
Exams and theory questionnaires	60
Interdisciplinary seminary	10
Practical controls and field trip	30
Guided activities, volunteer work, tutoring, etc.	5 (extra, once approved course)

Finally, to pass the course, the student must have obtained at least a mark of 5 in each of the three sections.

In the case of repeaters, if the previous year they had passed a part of the course (theory, practice or seminars) the mark of these parts are kept for a year, but they will have to take exams or do the work corresponding to the part that they did not pass the previous year. In requesting an earlier



examination, students must have accomplished the compulsory activities, which are set in the teaching guide.

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