

**COURSE DATA****DATA SUBJECT****Code:** 34886**Name:** Software engineering**Cycle:** Undergraduate Studies**ECTS Credits:** 6**Academic year:** 2026-27**STUDY (S)**

Degree	Center	Acad. year	Period
1403 - Degree in Telematics Engineering	Escola Tècnica Superior d'Enginyeria	3	First quarter
1935 - Double Degree Program in Mathematics-Telematics Engineering	Facultat de Ciències Matemàtiques	4	First quarter

SUBJECT-MATTER

Degree	Subject-matter	Character
1403 - Degree in Telematics Engineering	Software engineering	COMPULSORY
1935 - Double Degree Program in Mathematics-Telematics Engineering	Cuarto curso	COMPULSORY

COORDINATION

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SUMMARY

The course "Software Engineering" is a core course as part of the field "Software Engineering and Project Management" of the Telematics Engineering Degree. The course workload is 6 ECTS and it is offered in the 3rd semester of 3rd year.

The aim of the course is to introduce students in the development of software projects by following a systematic process and relying on tools to improve software quality in production environments.

It will introduce students to the knowledge and use of different methodologies for developing information systems.

We seek to provide sufficient knowledge of the software process, so that students, using the Unified Process, will be able to capture requirements, analyze, design, implement, test and deploy software projects in a concrete and accuracy way.



In regard to the practical part, in this course students will be able to implement the knowledge acquired in the theoretical part using UML modeling language and Java programming language.

The main objective of this course is to introduce students to the development of software projects from requirements analysis to implementation and verification of the product by the customer, relating to the following points:

- Understand the origin and meaning of the term "Software Engineering", its historical development and current challenges (with attention to the sociocultural context of development), and be aware of the ethical and professional responsibility of a Software Engineer.
- Become aware of the importance of always performing the analysis and design of the problem, as prior tasks to implementation in a programming language.
- Be aware of the need of modeling and abstraction in software development.
- Understand the concept of software development method and its main classifications.
- Distinguish the concepts of diagram and model.
- Know the main UML diagrams: use cases, classes, packages, objects, interaction (sequence and communication), states and activities, and be able to apply them in order to model a medium sized project.
- Given an application of medium size, be able to address the requirements analysis focused on use cases, the conceptual or domain modeling, and the analysis of collaborations between objects with appropriate allocation of responsibilities, specially taking into account technological details.
- Understand and apply design techniques within the framework of an iterative process.
- Choose the best option between different data conceptual designs, justifying and arguing the decision.
- Know and apply basic design patterns for building software and evaluate its role as a way of reuse of experience.
- Use software tools that allow the creation of different UML diagrams.

PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER SUBJECTS OF THE SAME DEGREE

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.

OTHER REQUIREMENTS

It is recommended:

- Have passed the subjects of the first and second course Informatics I (34877) and Informatics II (34878) .
- Be enrolled or have passed the subject Programming (34888)

COMPETENCES / LEARNING OUTCOMES

1403 - Degree in Telematics Engineering

E3 - Ability to construct, operate and manage telematic services using analytical tools for planning,



dimensioning and analysis.

E4 - Ability to describe, program, validate and optimize communication protocols and interfaces at different levels of a network architecture.

G4 - Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision-making and creativity, and to communicate and transmit knowledge, abilities and skills, understanding the ethical and professional responsibility of the activity of a telecommunications technical engineer.

G9 - Ability to work in a multidisciplinary environment and in a multilingual group and to communicate, in writing and orally, knowledge, procedures, results and ideas related to telecommunications and electronics.

R1 - Ability for self-learning of new knowledge and techniques appropriate for the conception, development and exploitation of telecommunications systems and services.

R7 - Understand and use the basic principles of programming for telecommunication networks, systems and services.

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

1. Introduction to Software Development Process UML

Skills to be acquired:

- Understand what is software engineering and its need
- Know and understand the fundamental concepts that comprise the basic terminology of software engineering
- Understanding the relationships between the concepts of software process, software lifecycle and software methodology
- Knowing the characteristics and explain the advantages and disadvantages of different software process models
- Know the main types of software methodologies
- Know the basic features of a general process software development
- Understand what is software modeling and its benefits
- Recognize UML as a standard language to build software

Contents:

- 1.1 Overview of Software Engineering
- 1.2 Basics of Software Engineering
- 1.3 Software Process Models
- 1.4 Software Modeling
- 1.5 The Unified Modeling Language UML 2.0
 - 1.5.1 UML Framework
 - 1.5.2 UML Views
- 1.6 A Process of OO Software Development
 - 1.6.1 Phases
 - 1.6.2 Activities and Artifacts



Laboratory:
All sessions

2. Planning Phase

Skills to be acquired:

- Understand the value of acquiring and managing requirements and their influence on the success of a project
- Understand what requirements are and the complexity of requirements extraction
- Learn the requirements activities
- Identify the different types of requirements and be able to discern between them
- Learn about diverse elicitation techniques to capture system requirements
- Understand what is the Requirements Document
- Know the IEEE / ANSI 830-199 for SRS
- Develop a SRS document for medium size systems
- Learn the different elements and diagrams that UML provides to represent Use Cases
- Represent Functional Requirements with Use Cases
- Accomplish detailed specification of Use Cases

Contents:

- 2.1. Requirements
 - 2.1.1 Definition and characteristics of the Requirements
 - 2.1.2 Functional vs. Non Functional Requirements
 - 2.1.3 Software Requirements Document
 - 2.1.4 Exercises on Requirements
- 2.2 Prototype
- 2.3 Use Cases
 - 2.3.1 Introduction.
 - 2.3.2 Actors
 - 2.3.3 Use Case Specification
 - 2.3.4 Relations: generalization, extension, including
 - 2.3.5 Use Case Diagrams
 - 2.3.6 Standard errors and Recommendations
 - 2.3.7 Exercises on use cases.

Laboratory:
Session 1: Prototyping UGI
Session 2: Working on Use Case Diagrams

3. Analysis

Skills to be acquired:



- Know the steps required to accomplish the analysis phase in the first cycle of development and the artifacts to be generated
- Be able to develop the Data Dictionary
- Be able to abstract the relevant concepts to develop a Conceptual Model
- Develop using Class Diagrams the conceptual model of a system
- Identify system events in Use Cases descriptions to extract System Operations
- Develop System Sequence Diagrams for Use Cases starting from Use Case Expanded Specification
- Develop Contracts for System Operations

Contents:

Part I:

- 3.1 Introduction
- 3.2 Class Diagram
 - 3.2.1 Classifiers
 - 3.2.2 Classes
 - 3.2.3 Interfaces
 - 3.2.4 Relations dependency, generalization, association, realization
- 3.3 Conceptual Model
- 3.4 Exercises on class and object diagrams

Part II:

- 3.5 Interacciones
- 3.6 Sequence Diagrams
 - 3.5.1 Elements
 - 3.5.2 Modeling Interaction Diagrams
 - 3.5.3 Lifecycle Application
- 3.7 System General Sequence Diagrams
- 3.8 Contracts
- 3.9 Sequence diagrams and contracts Exercises

Laboratory:

- Session 3: Working on Class Diagrams
- Session 4: Working on Sequence Diagrams
- Session 5: Working on Life Cycle 1 Design
- Session 7: Working on Life Cycle 2 Analysis & Design

4. Design

Skills to be acquired:

- Know the steps required to accomplish the design phase in the first cycle of development and the artifacts to be generated
- Understand the concept of responsibility
- Understand and know how to apply a set of patterns when deciding responsibilities assignment to classes
- Be able to develop interaction diagrams for each system operation following its contract
- Develop the Design Class Diagram from the Conceptual Model



Contents:

4.1 System Design

- 4.1.1 Responsibilities
- 4.1.2 Design Sequence Diagrams
- 4.1.3 Design Class Diagrams
- 4.1.4 Patterns for the allocation of responsibilities

4.3 Exercises

Laboratory:

Session 5: Working on Life Cycle 1 Design

Session 7: Working on Life Cycle 2 Analysis & Design

5. Implementation

Skills to be acquired:

- Learn prior decisions before implementing
- Know the types of transformation from model space to code space
- Transform design artifacts into code
- Detect models modification need for system optimization

Contents:

5.1 Prior Decisions

5.2 Types of transformation

- 5.2.1 Model Transformations
- 5.2.2 Code Transformations
- 5.2.3 Model to Code Transformations: direct Engineering
- 5.2.4 Code to Model Transformations: reverse Engineering

5.3 Direct Engineering

- 5.3.1 Mapping Classes
- 5.3.2 Mapping Relations
- 5.3.3 Mapping Inheritance
- 5.3.4 Methods Creation
- 5.3.5 Mapping Contracts

5.4 Implementation Exercises

Laboratory:

Session 6: Working on Life Cycle 1 Implementation

Session 8: Working on Life Cycle 2 Implementation

6. System Architecture

Skills to be acquired:



- Know the steps required to accomplish the design phase in the second cycle of development and the artifacts to be generated
- Understand the concepts of layers, packages and partitions and how to use in organizing the system architecture
- Represent packages and their relationships in Package Diagrams
- Choose the architecture to be used and model it using Packages Diagrams
- Knowing and applying other patterns

Contents:

- 6.1 Multilayer Architecture & UML
- 6.2 Patterns for connecting packages
- 6.3 Exercises

Laboratory:

Session 7: Working on Life Cycle 2 Analysis & Design

7. Testing

Skills to be acquired:

- Understand and differentiate the key issues related to software testing
- Understand the need for testing as an essential part of software system development
- Distinguish the different testing levels according on the purpose
- Learn different software testing techniques

Contents:

- 7.1 Basics: Errors, Defects, Failures, Test Cases
- 7.2 Verification and Validation
 - 7.2.1 Software Inspections
 - 7.2.2 Software Testing
 - 7.2.3 Debugging
- 7.3 Software Testing Levels
 - 7.3.1 Unit Testing
 - 7.3.2 Integration Testing
 - 7.3.3 System Tests
 - 7.3.4 Validation Testing
- 7.4 Software Testing Techniques
 - 7.4.1 Black-Box Testing
 - 7.4.2 White-Box Testing
- 7.5 Test Plan

WORKLOAD

PRESENCIAL ACTIVITIES



Activity	Hours
Theory	30,00
Laboratory	20,00
Classroom practices	10,00
Total hours	60,00

NON PRESENCIAL ACTIVITIES

Activity	Hours
Attendance at other activities	3,00
Individual or group project	20,00
Independent study and work	7,00
Preparation of lessons	50,00
Preparation for assessment activities	3,00
Resolution of case studies	7,00
Total hours	90,00

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

LECTURES:

The lectures will be based on active lectures where every 20/25 minutes will be introduced in any activity that requires the involvement of students, so that 1) they can do an activity based on the content they have just learnt, 2) recover the level of attention to the next block.

LECTURES PREPARATION:

Students have to prepare the lecture content, following the plan of the course. To do this they will use the literature suggested by the lecturer as well as the materials provided him or/and any other directions provided by the lecturer.

PREPARATION OF PRACTICAL WORK:

To better assimilate the contents of the lectures, practical sessions are conducted in the laboratories. Attendance to practical sessions is mandatory and will be verified by the lecturer in charge of the group. Students who are working and cannot attend practical sessions should contact the lecturer before the beginning of the first session. The results of these activities must be submitted to the lecturer in charge of the group during the course and in the terms established by the lecturer. Students are expected to do/prepare some of these activities at home.

TEAM WORK:

A set of problems will be proposed that should be solved in teams of 5 to 6 persons. Each member of the group will be graded both the joint mark of the group as the individual mark of each member.



The e-learning platform (Aula Virtual) will be used as communication tool between the lecturer and the student. The student will access to all the material used in the lectures, through Aula Virtual, as well as all the problems and exercise that needs to solve.

EVALUATION

The knowledge acquired by the student body will be evaluated as follows:

Their participation in the different activities, the degree of achievement obtained in the different training activities and the involvement shown towards their own learning process will be evaluated on a regular basis. For this, the following aspects will be assessed:

- C) Continuous evaluation, based on the participation and degree of involvement in the teaching-learning process, taking into account regular attendance at the planned face-to-face activities and completion of the work. As activities within the continuous evaluation, the students will carry out individually a set of bulletins of practical exercises or theoretical development that will be delivered through the virtual classroom within the established period for it. In addition, test-type controls or short questions of a part of the subject will be carried out. Finally, throughout the course a software project will be developed that will be presented at the end of the course in class. All these activities will give rise to the continuous evaluation mark as follows:

$$C \text{ (Continuous Assessment Grade)} = 0.4 * \text{Controls} + 0.4 * \text{Newsletters} + 0.2 * \text{Project Presentation}$$

Activities delivered after the deadline will not be taken into account, nor can activities not carried out be recovered. Cheating in any of the activities will be strictly penalized, canceling all the student's continuous assessment notes.

Competences G4, G9, R1, R7, E3 and E4

- (P) Evaluation of practices. They will be done in groups of 5 or 6 people and both the quality of the solution and the documentation in each of the practices will be assessed. **Competences G4, G9, R1, R7, E3 and E4**
- (E) Individual objective tests, consisting of one or several exams, or knowledge tests, which will consist of both theoretical-practical questions and problems. It will be necessary to pass each of these tests or exams in order to pass the subject. **Competences G4, R1 and E3.**

The final grade will be obtained by applying the following formula:



$$\text{Note} = 0.35 \cdot C + 0.35 \cdot E + 0.3 \cdot P$$

The marks of the group activities will not necessarily be the same for all the members of the group, and may vary depending on the involvement of each student.

Only work delivered on the date stipulated by the faculty will be considered. This includes each and every one of the activities, questionnaires and exercises proposed, the software project and, in general, any task that is assigned to the students.

The continuous part is not recoverable on second call. The P and E parts only average if a minimum of 5 is reached in each of them.

In case of not having passed E or P with a mark higher than 5 and having taken the E test, the mark in the minutes will be computed as:

$$\text{Final Grade} = \text{minimum}(E, P, 4)$$

In case of not showing up for E, the final grade is Not Shown

Given that the grade for the continuous assessment part is not recoverable, in order to request an early call, students must have previously completed the subject and have passed the continuous assessment.

In any case, the evaluation of the subject will be done in accordance with the Evaluation and Qualification Regulations of the University of Valencia for undergraduate and master's degrees approved by the Governing Council on May 30, 2017 ([ACGUV 108/2017](#)).

Copying or plagiarism of any activity that is part of the evaluation will result in the impossibility of passing the course, and the student will then be subject to the appropriate disciplinary procedures indicated in the ACTION PROTOCOL FOR FRAUDULENT PRACTICES AT THE UNIVERSITY OF VALENCIA. ([ACGUV 123/2020](#)).

REFERENCES

- Apuntes de la asignatura



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- [C. Larman (2004)] Applying UML and Patterns: An Introduction to Object-Oriented Analysis and Design and Iterative Development, 3rd (Edition Prentice Hall)[Recurs electronic: <http://proquest.safaribooksonline.com/0131489062?uicode=valencia>]
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- [Bernd Bruegge, Allen H. Dutoit] Object-Oriented Software Engineering Using UML, Patterns, and Java, 3rd Edition (Edition Prentice Hall)



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