

**COURSE DATA****DATA SUBJECT**

**Code:** 43089  
**Name:** Pathophysiology of azheimer's disease  
**Cycle:** Master's Degree  
**ECTS Credits:** 3  
**Academic year:** 2025-26

**STUDY (S)**

Degree	Center	Acad. year	Period
2141 - Master's Degree in Physiology	Facultat de Medicina i Odontologia	1	First quarter

**SUBJECT-MATTER**

Degree	Subject-matter	Character
2141 - Master's Degree in Physiology	Optional subject	ELECTIVES

**COORDINATION**

VIÑA RIBES JOSE

LLORET ALCAÑIZ ANA

**SUMMARY**

This Master's course studies the behaviour of physiological systems and their regulatory mechanisms related to the physiopathology of Alzheimer's disease.

Alzheimer's disease is currently considered the main cause of dementia in the world. According to the latest data, the prevalence of the disease is between 640,000 and 770,000 cases in Spain, and this number is expected to quadruple in the next 50 years due to the aging of the population. Therefore, it has become the most important social and health problem in developed and developing countries. In this way, trying to develop preventive models for the disease, knowing its physiopathology better and at the same time seeking an effective treatment to improve the living conditions of patients with this disease has become a priority objective of world research. Thus, this course studies the basic and clinical mechanisms of Alzheimer's disease. Furthermore, thanks to this course we have the opportunity to introduce the study of brain neurophysiology.

**PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE****RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER SUBJECTS OF THE SAME DEGREE**

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.



## OTHER REQUIREMENTS

It is recommended to have taken the subjects of Physiology, Biology or Pathophysiology.

## COMPETENCES / LEARNING OUTCOMES

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Assess the need to complete the scientific training, in languages, computer science, ethics, etc., attending conferences or courses and/or carrying out complementary activities, self-evaluating the contribution that the performance of these activities implies for their comprehensive training.

Describe the pathophysiological modifications of the functioning of the neural pathways associated with Alzheimer's disease and apply intervention strategies aimed at its treatment.

Have a proactive attitude towards possible changes that may occur in their professional and/or investigative work.

Know how to write and prepare presentations to present and defend them later.

Search, order, analyze and synthesize scientific information (databases, scientific articles, bibliographic repertoires), selecting the pertinent to focus current knowledge on a topic of scientific interest in Physiology.

Students should apply acquired knowledge to solve problems in unfamiliar contexts within their field of study, including multidisciplinary scenarios.

Students should be able to integrate knowledge and address the complexity of making informed judgments based on incomplete or limited information, including reflections on the social and ethical responsibilities associated with the application of their knowledge and judgments.

Students should communicate conclusions and underlying knowledge clearly and unambiguously to both specialized and non-specialized audiences.

Students should demonstrate self-directed learning skills for continued academic growth.

Students should possess and understand foundational knowledge that enables original thinking and research in the field.

To acquire a critical attitude that allows you to make reasoned judgments and defend them with rigor and tolerance.

To prepare a clear and concise memory of the results of your work and the conclusions obtained.

Use the different exhibition techniques oral, written, presentations, panels, etc., to communicate the knowledge, proposals and positions.

## DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS



## 1. Introduction to the physiopathology of Alzheimer's disease

- Definition and types of dementia.
- Alzheimer's disease: discovery and main anatomopathological lesions.
- Symptoms: amnesia, aphasia, agnosia, and psychiatric disorders.
- Molecular aspects of Alzheimer's disease.
- Anatomy session of the areas affected in Alzheimer's disease.

## 2. Biomarkers in Alzheimer's disease session

- Diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease.
- Main biomarkers: in cerebrospinal fluid and imaging
- When does the disease really start? Role of biomarkers.
- Biomarkers in plasma.
- Biomarkers and treatments of the disease.

## 3. Neuropsychological exploration.

- Neuropsychological examination in Alzheimer's disease by the screening test
- Examination by specific memory and learning tests

## 4. Hypothesis of disease onset

- The disease onset hypotheses: The amyloid cascade hypothesis, the vascular hypothesis, oxidative stress, and other hypotheses.
- Neurogenesis and migration of nerve stem cells in AD
- Sleep disorders in Alzheimer's disease
- Practical session: Practical realization of electroencephalography.

### WORKLOAD

#### PRESENCIAL ACTIVITIES

Activity	Hours
Tutorials	2,00
Theory	18,00
Other activities	2,00
<b>Total hours</b>	<b>22,00</b>

#### NON PRESENCIAL ACTIVITIES

Activity	Hours
Attendance at other activities	12,00



Individual or group project	0,00
Independent study and work	16,00
Preparation of lessons	5,00
Preparation for assessment activities	11,00
Resolution of case studies	10,00
<b>Total hours</b>	<b>54,00</b>

## TEACHING METHODOLOGY

- The programmed subject will have a content divided into four blocks, which will be developed in a coordinated manner. In each block the theoretical content of the topics will be exposed through participative classes that will serve to fix the knowledge linked to the foreseen competences.
- Based on these theoretical classes, the teachers will propose to the students the realization of personal/group works that develop some of the most innovative sections of the agenda, for which they will have the support of the teacher in supervised seminars. In these seminars, students will be able to share with their classmates and with the teacher the doubts they find, obtain solutions to them and start performing the module's competences by themselves.
- In addition, the students will have to develop a personal work of study and assimilation of the theoretical and practical knowledge and preparation of the proposed works, to reach the foreseen competences. They will have to respond to this, presenting their work to the teacher and other colleagues and then commenting on it in a personal tutorial between student and teacher, as well as taking theoretical exams.

## EVALUATION

### Evaluation system:

- Written exam consisting of development questions: evaluation up to 10 points.

Minimum passing grade: 5 points.

## REFERENCES

- BRADY ST, SIEGEL GJ, ALBERS RW, PRICE DL. Basic Neurochemistry-Principles of Molecular, Cellular, and Medical Neurobiology. Eighth Edition; Elsevier Academic Press 2011.
- GUYTON AC, HALL JE. Tratado de Fisiología Médica. 12ª ed. Madrid. Ed. McGraw-Hill. 2011.
- KAUFMAN AND MCKEE. Essentials of Pathophysiology. 1ª Ed. 1997
- LLORET ANA. La enfermedad de Alzheimer ¿dónde nos encontramos? Editorial Aula Médica. 2020. - FELDMAN H. Atlas of Alzheimer's Disease. 1ª Edición. 2007.



VNIVERSITAT DE VALÈNCIA

## Course Guide

### 43089 Pathophysiology of azheimer's disease

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