

**COURSE DATA****DATA SUBJECT**

Code: 43237
Name: Herpetology
Cycle: Master's Degree
ECTS Credits: 3
Academic year: 2026-27

STUDY (S)

Degree	Center	Acad. year	Period
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SUBJECT-MATTER

Degree	Subject-matter	Character
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COORDINATION

PEREZ DE LANUZA GUILLEM

FONT BISIER ENRIQUE

SUMMARY

Herpetology is the study of the biology of amphibians and reptiles. Although amphibians and reptiles are not a monophyletic group, they are often studied together because they share plesiomorphic physiological traits such as ectothermy and poikilothermy. Herpetology is a multidisciplinary subject that integrates information concerning the morphology, physiology, ecology, behavior, diversity, evolution, phylogenetic relationships, and conservation of these two groups of vertebrates. Amphibians and reptiles are highly diverse (over 8700 known species of amphibians and over 12000 known species of reptiles) and their study provides a different perspective on terrestrial vertebrate biology than that of other groups such as birds and mammals. Understanding how amphibians and reptiles differ from other vertebrate groups is enriching for the training of a biologist. The course has both theoretical (lecture) and practical contents.

PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE**RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER SUBJECTS OF THE SAME DEGREE**

There are no specified enrollment restrictions with other subjects of the curriculum.

OTHER REQUIREMENTS

None.



COMPETENCES / LEARNING OUTCOMES

2148 -

Awaken interest in the social and economic application of science.

Be able to access the information required (databases, scientific articles, etc.) and to interpret and use it sensibly.

Be able to communicate and disseminate scientific ideas.

Encourage ethical commitment and environmental awareness.

Favour intellectual curiosity and encourage responsibility for one's own learning.

Stimulate the capacity for critical reasoning and for argumentation based on rational criteria.

Students should communicate conclusions and underlying knowledge clearly and unambiguously to both specialized and non-specialized audiences.

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

1. Introduction

What is herpetology? General information on the biology of amphibians and reptiles. Importance of herpetology. Ectothermy and thermoregulation.

2. Origin, evolution and diversity of amphibians

Origin and evolution of amphibians. Classification and diversity of amphibians: Lissamphibia, Gymnophiona, Caudata and Anura.

3. Origin, evolution and diversity of reptiles

Origin and evolution of reptiles. Classification and diversity of reptiles. Testudines (Chelonia), Squamata, Crocodylia and Sphenodontidae.

4. Reproduction and life cycles of amphibians

Reproduction and life cycles of amphibians. Courtship, mating and fertilization. Hybridogenesis. Parental care.



5. Reproduction and life cycles of reptiles

Reproduction and life cycles of reptiles. Courtship, mating and fertilization. Parental care. Viviparity. Parthenogenesis. Environmental sex determination. Types of reproductive cycles.

6. Iberian Herpetofauna

Systematics and classification of amphibians and reptiles of the Iberian Peninsula, Balearic and Canary Islands. Distribution.

7. Management and conservation of amphibians and reptiles

Management and conservation of amphibians and reptiles. Declining populations. Human impact (habitat alteration, introduction of exotic species, unsustainable trade and trafficking of species, etc.). International, state and regional legislation.

WORKLOAD

PRESENCIAL ACTIVITIES

Activity	Hours
Total hours	0,00

NON PRESENCIAL ACTIVITIES

Activity	Hours
Attendance at other activities	0,00
Individual or group project	17,50
Independent study and work	17,50
Preparation of lessons	0,00
Preparation for assessment activities	10,00
Resolution of case studies	0,00
Total hours	45,00

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

The course will be taught during the two semesters of the academic year. The time required to teach each of the proposed topics is variable. Some theoretical sessions may be complemented with audiovisual support sessions that include a subsequent debate (see section 7: \"Workload\").

There will be practical sessions of compulsory attendance, in the laboratory, whose contents (identification and handling of collection material) will be coordinated with the theoretical sessions and with a field trip to sites of herpetological interest where fauna management projects are being developed and where



sampling protocols can be demonstrated.

In addition, the preparation and presentation of a seminar will be required. Seminar preparation will be supervised and directed by one of the instructors of the course who will act as tutor of this activity. This activity, including both the preparation of the written report and its presentation to the class during the scheduled seminar sessions, will be assessed and will be a crucial element affecting the student's final grade. Given that attendance is compulsory, participation in the debate following the presentation of other students' seminars is encouraged and will also be assessed.

EVALUATION

For the assessment of the theoretical contents of the course and the competences acquired in the practical sessions, a 1-hr written exam may be carried out. The quality, both formal and expository, of the work and seminars conducted and the participation in the seminars and in the rest of the programmed activities will also be part of the final grade.

REFERENCES

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