



VETteach Partners:













Fachhochschule Nordwestschweiz



VETteach Website:

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Integration of disadvantage into IVET

VET-TEACH Symposium

Stockholm International VET Conference

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- Disadvantage
- Integration and segregation
- Country overview
- Country measures
 - Policies
 - Curriculum, recognition of experience and learning
 - Pathways into VET
- Reflections

Disadvantage

- A matter of rights
 - Civil rights
 - Education
 - Work
- The individual, the typology, the context
 - Special education needs
 - Social exclusion factors
- Transitions
 - Compulsory and post-compulsory education
 - Youth into adulthood
 - Education into work

Integration

- Special education needs
 - Diagnostic and certification
 - Learning difficulties, disabilities and mental health
- Social exclusion factors
 - Youth within the social protection system
 - Youth out of the education system
- Transition between compulsory and post-compulsory education
 - Formal and non-formal education
 - Active employment policies
- Educational approaches
 - Practical vs academic learning
 - Individual relation

Countries involved

- Dual systems
 - Germany
 - Switzerland
- School based systems
 - Spain
- Nordic countries
 - Norway
 - Sweden
 - Finland

Measures 1 - policies

- Definition of population
 - Learning disabilities
 - Low qualifications
 - Disengaged, dropout
- Agents involved
 - Guidance
 - Funding
 - VET providers

Illustrations 1 - policies

- Special needs (Finland)
 - Extra funding
- SNE disolved in the general population (Norway)
 - Same rights as all (3 year upper ed)
 - Yet most SNEs are registered in VET
- Particular groups defined (Spain)
 - Ethnic minorities, migrant origin, SNE
 - Non-formal VET
- Inclusive system (Sweden)
 - Vocational oriented programs for SNE
- Preparatory courses (Germany)
 - For those who cannot join the dual system

Measures 2 - curriculum

VET offer

- Entry requirements
- Curriculum: duration and content
- Organization of school and placements
- Pedagogies of VET
 - Individualization
 - Methodological approaches
 - Grouping and pacing of teaching practice

Illustrations 2 - curriculum

- Limited specific offer
 - Segregated measures, limited groups, extended time (Norway, Spain)
 - Adapted/reduced content (Germany)
 - Loose entry requirements (Norway)
 - Specific occupational areas (Norway)
- Limited funding (Sweden, Finland)
 - Colleges of vocational special needs education (Finland)
 - Funding to be renewed every year (Spain)
- Pedagogies of VET
 - Arbeitsagogik, ergotherapy (Switzerland)
 - Occupational therapy (Spain)

Measures 3 – qualifications

- Recognized qualifications and tracks (Switzerland)
- Out of track, labyrinth of measures (Germany, Spain)
 - No nation-wide curriculum
 - Non –formal training provision
- Training certificates and certificates of attendance (Finland, Spain)

Measures 4 – pathways

- IVET into the labor market
 - Sheltered employment
 - Work integration companies
 - Reserved markets
- IVET into further VET?
- IVET into higher education?

Reflections - 1

- Dual non dual
 - VET as hope
 - VET as the opportunity
- Integration segregation
 - Affirmative action
 - Digitalisation, what kind of a chance?
- Successful transitions
 - VET and youth policies
 - Pathways, thresholds and dead-ends
 - Occupational identity, citizenship and participation
- Career chances
 - Ordinary vs sheltered employment
 - Families, subsidies, overprotection?

Reflections - 2

- What is the role of VET schools in dual and non-dual systems?
- What is the role of the academy?
 - Research on VET and inclusion/disadvantage
 - Publications
 - Professorships
- What is the role of VET for inclusion from IVET into the labour market?
- Are there particular occupations for facilitating inclusion?
- Is there an intersection between VET, social, adult and intercultural education?

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