

# Modeling traffic-related air pollution in Torino with generalized additive models

P. Bertaccini<sup>1</sup>, V. Dukic<sup>2</sup> and R. Ignaccolo<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Dipartimento di Statistica e Matematica Applicata “Diego de Castro”, Università degli Studi di Torino, P.zza Arbarello 8, 10122 Torino, Italy

<sup>2</sup> Department of Health Studies, University of Chicago, 5841 S. Maryland Ave., MC 2007, Chicago, Illinois 60637, USA

**Abstract:** Vehicular traffic typically plays an important role in the increase of atmospheric pollutants concentration (e.g.  $CO$ ,  $NO_x$ ,  $PM$  and  $O_3$ ). This is especially true in urban area, where high pollutant concentrations are often observed. In this work, we consider hourly concentration of nitrogen dioxide ( $NO_2$ ) measured in the city of Torino. To model its behavior, we employ generalized additive models (GAM) focusing in particular on traffic and meteorological predictors.

**Keywords:** Air quality, Generalized additive models, Vehicular traffic.